

# Current events in Tor development.

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The Tor Project

<https://torproject.org/>

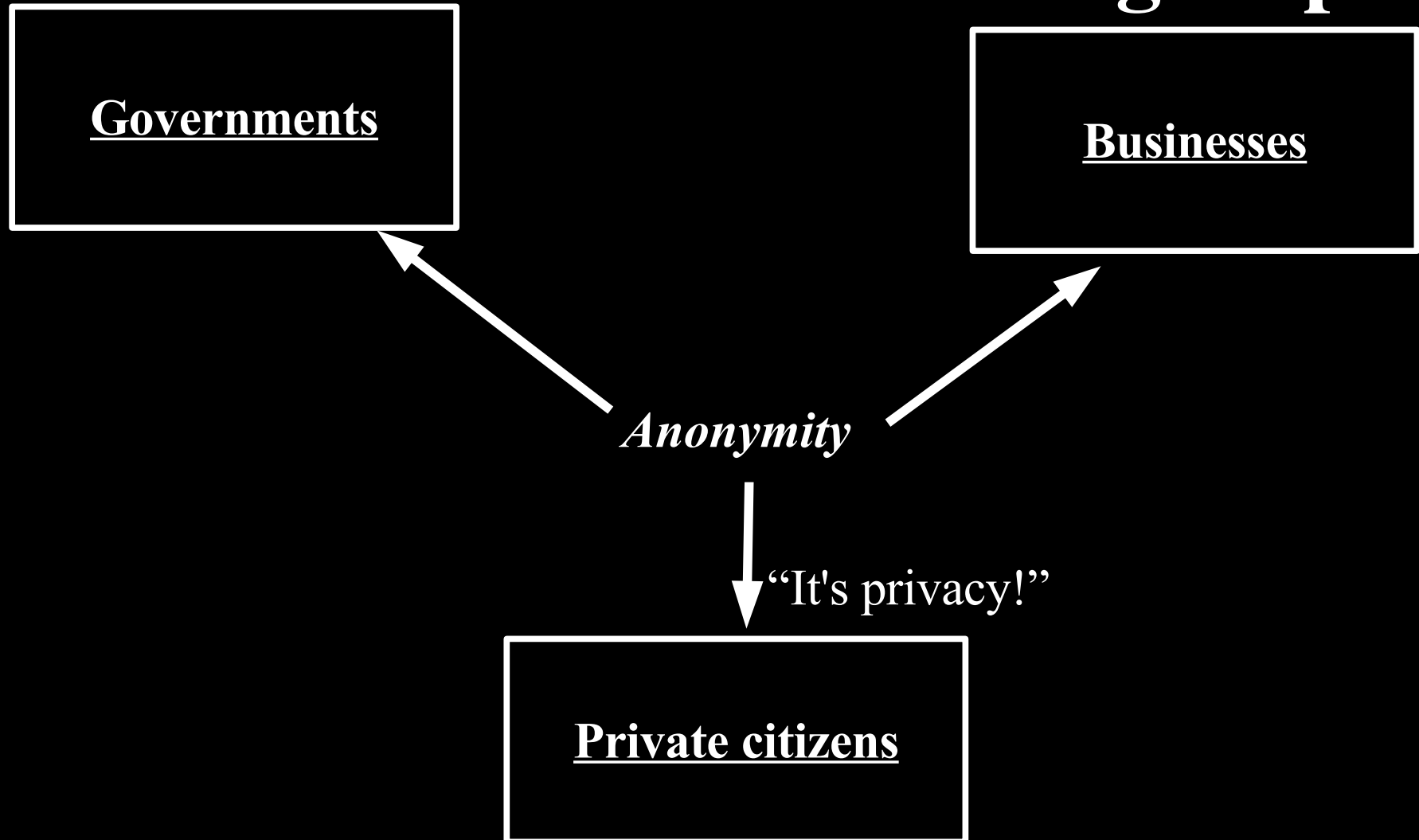
# Outline

- Crash course on Tor
- Technical (recent past)
- Policy / law / censorship
- Technical (future)
- Things we need help with

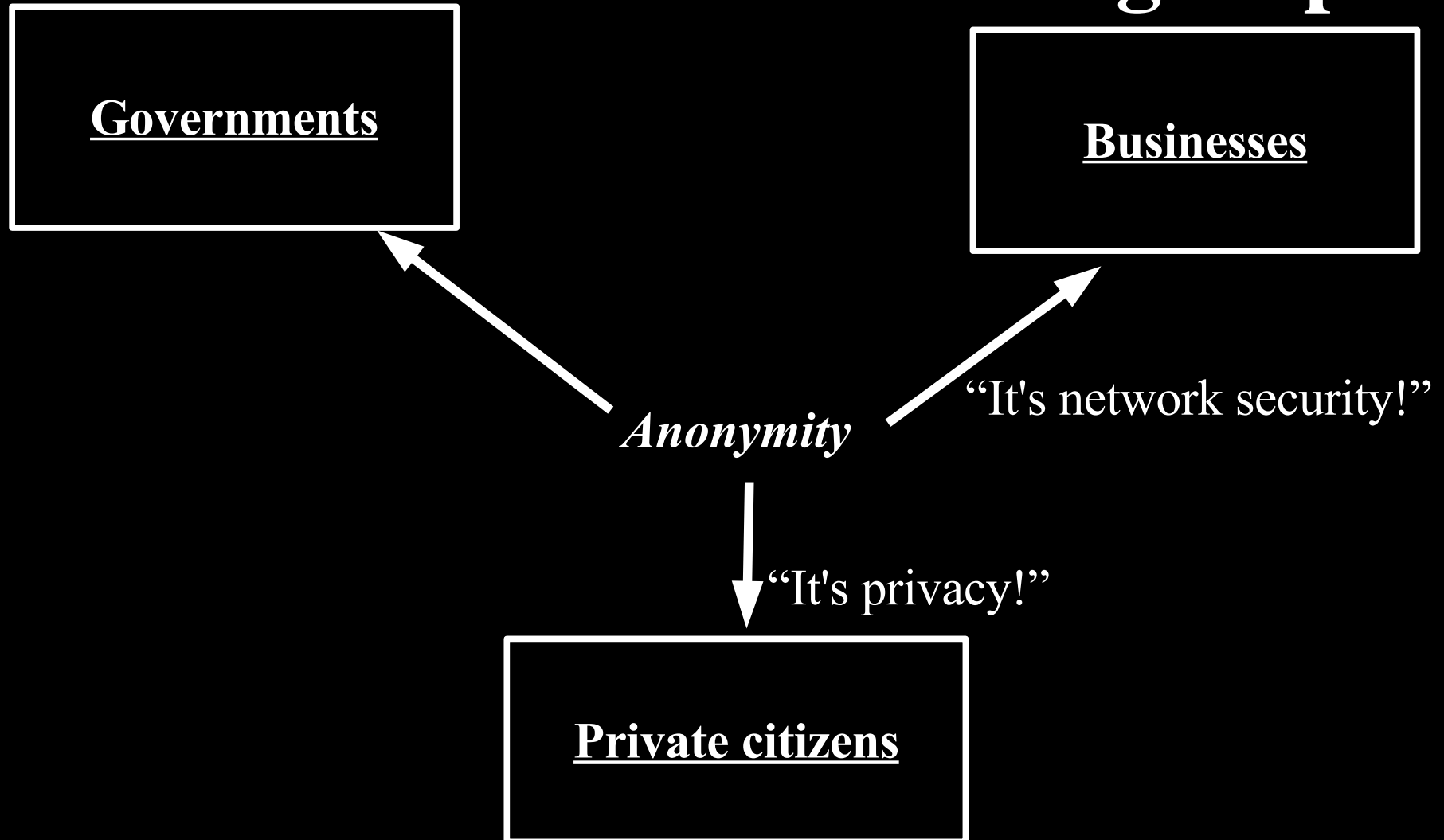
# Tor: Big Picture

- Freely available (Open Source), unencumbered.
- Comes with a spec and full documentation: Dresden, Aachen, and Yale groups implemented compatible Java Tor clients; researchers use it to study anonymity.
- 2000 active relays, 200000+ active users, >1Gbit/s.
- Official US 501(c)(3) nonprofit. Three full-time developers, dozens more dedicated volunteers.
- Funding from US DoD, Electronic Frontier Foundation, Voice of America, ...you?

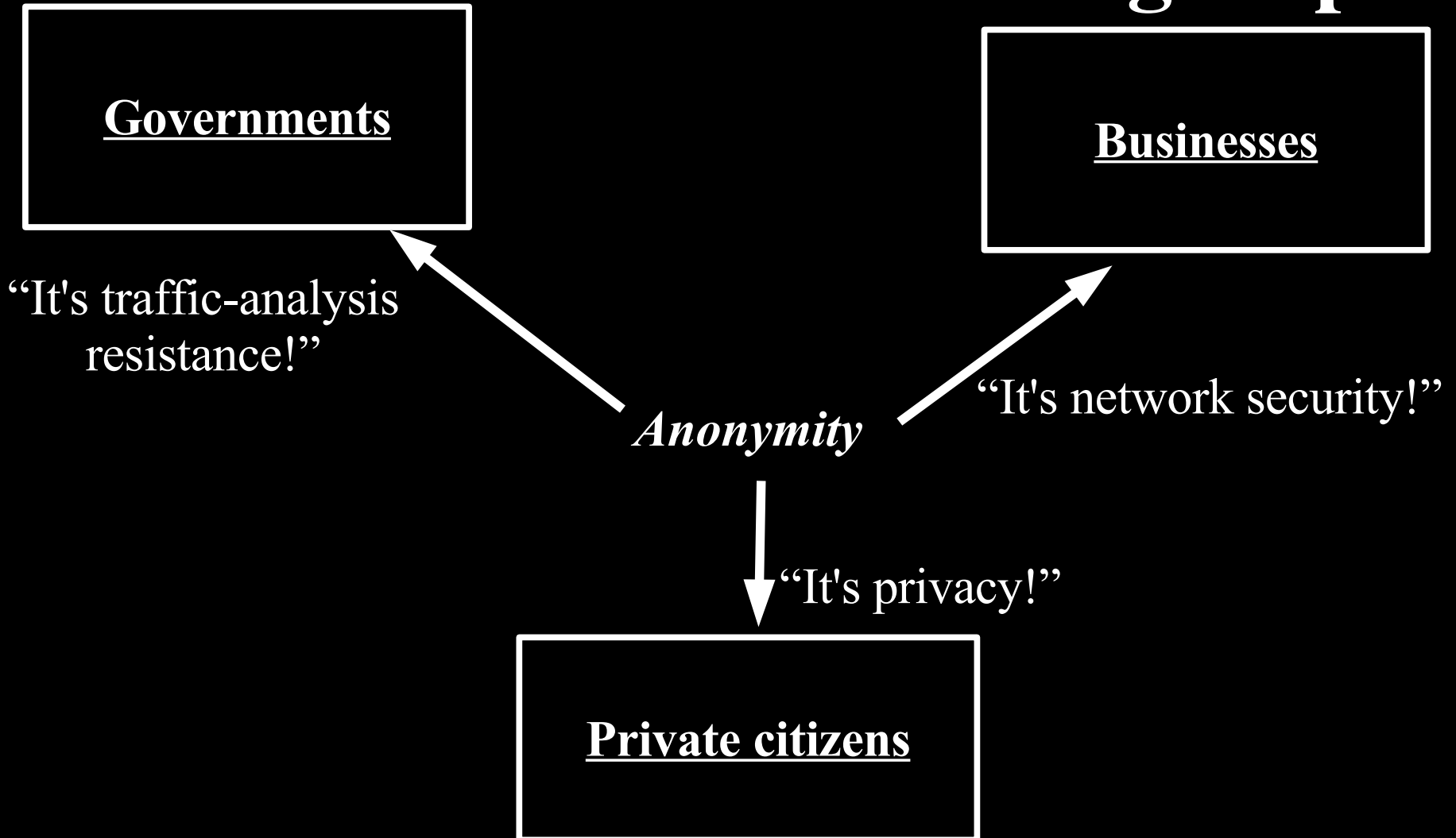
# **Anonymity serves different interests for different user groups.**



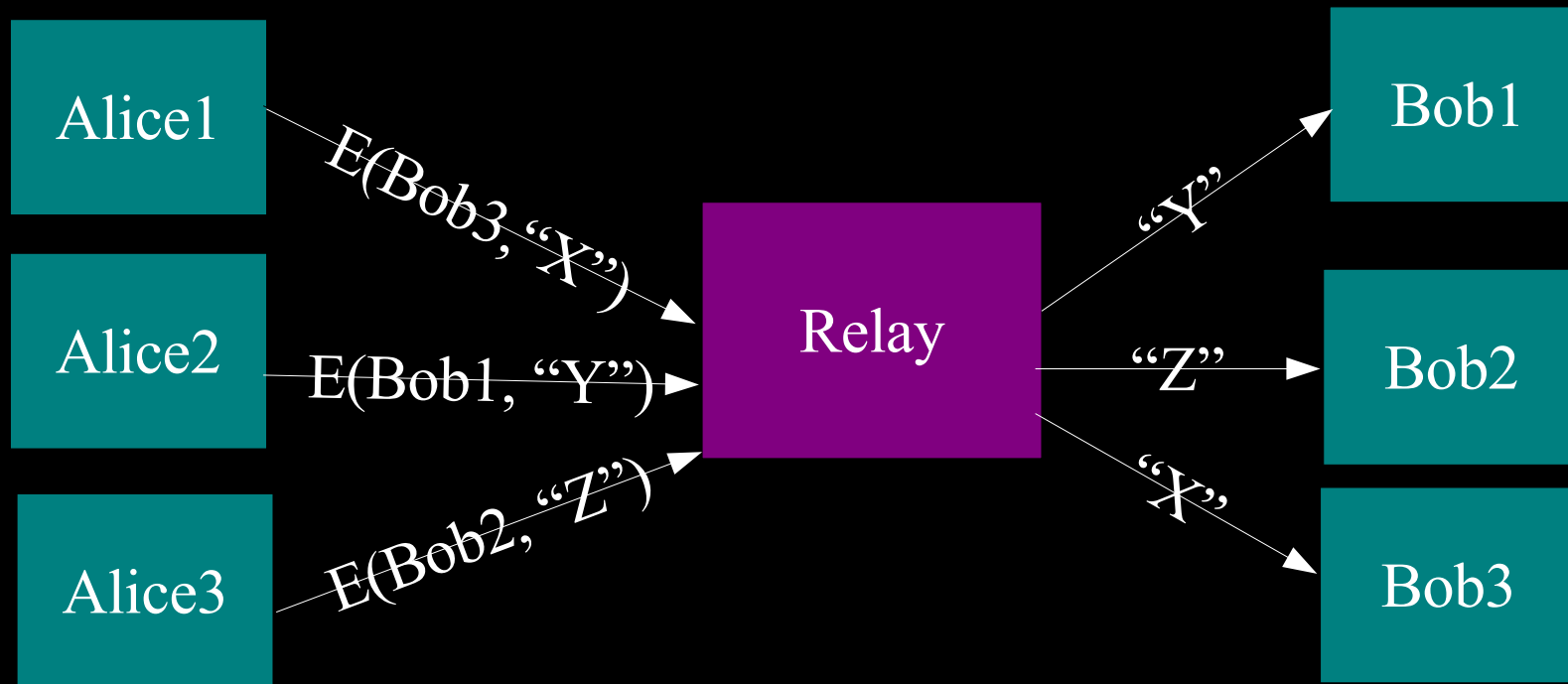
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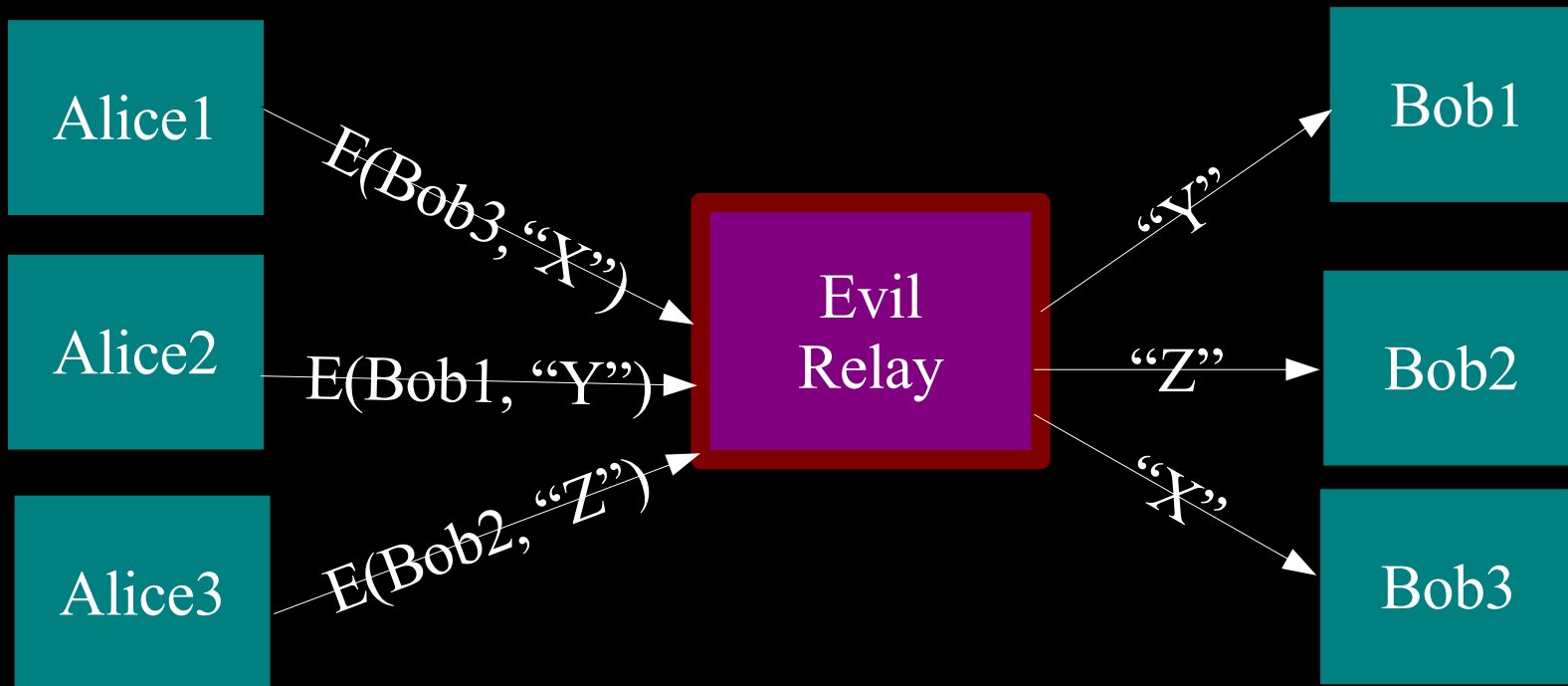


# The simplest designs use a single relay to hide connections.



(example: some commercial proxy providers)

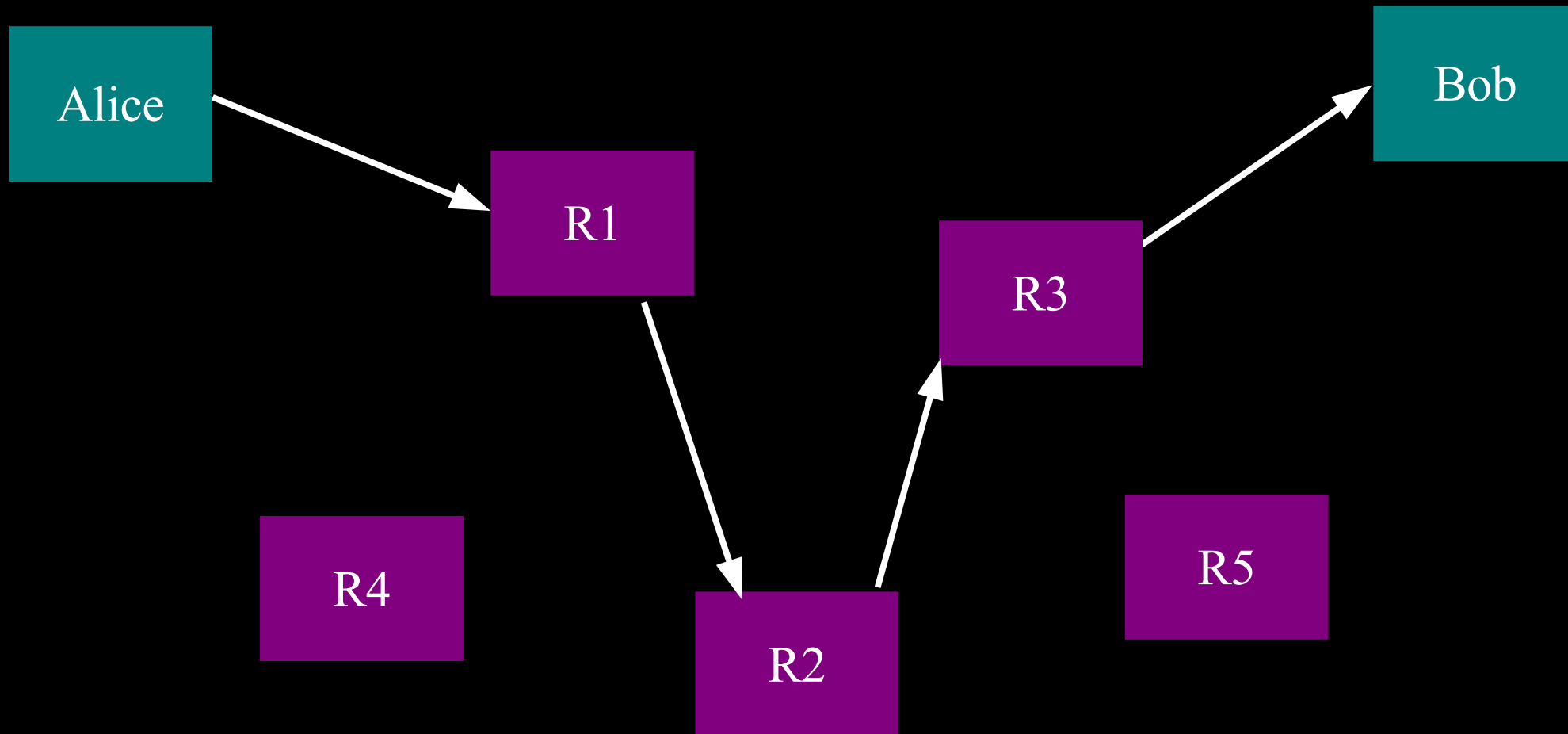
**But a single relay is a single point of failure.**



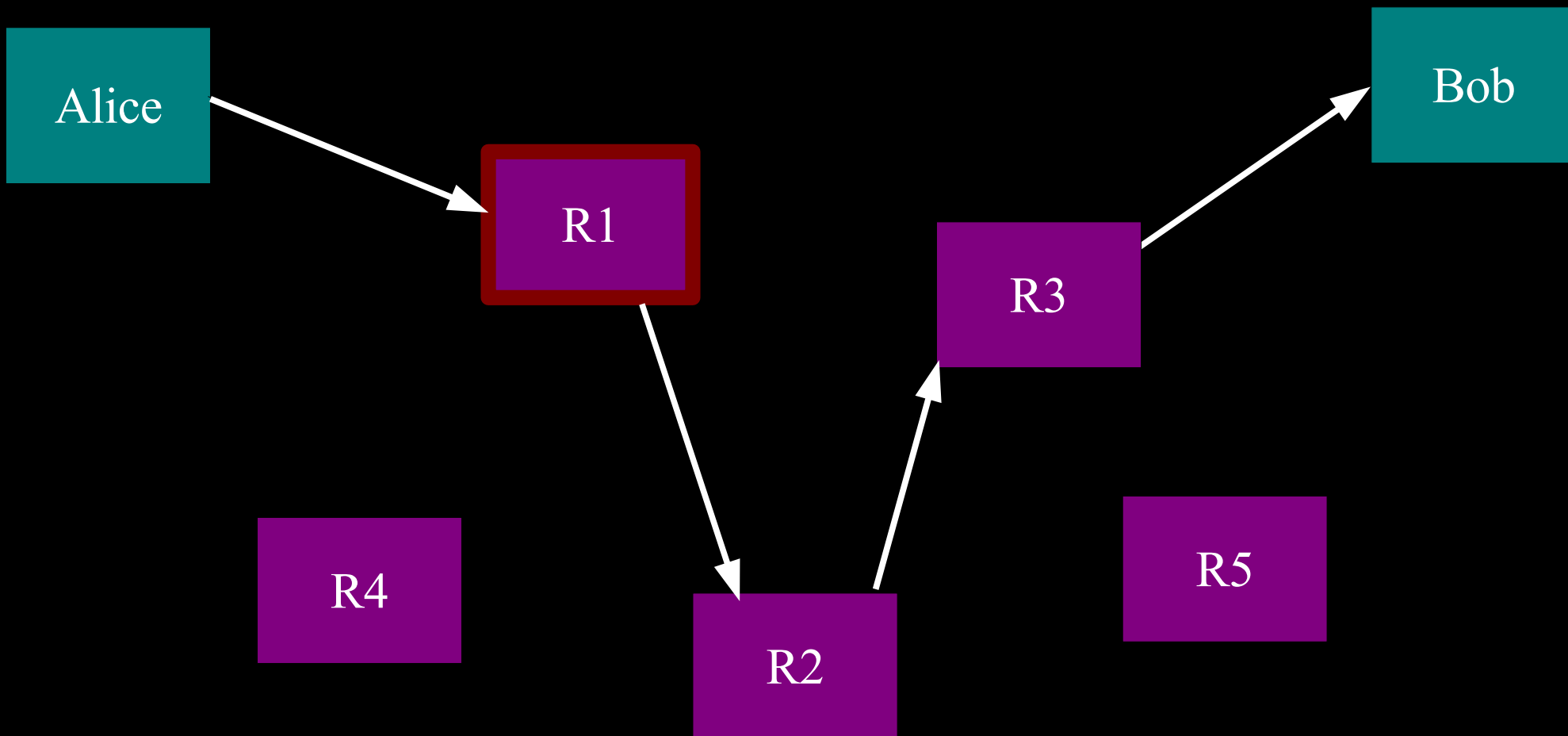
Eavesdropping the relay works too.



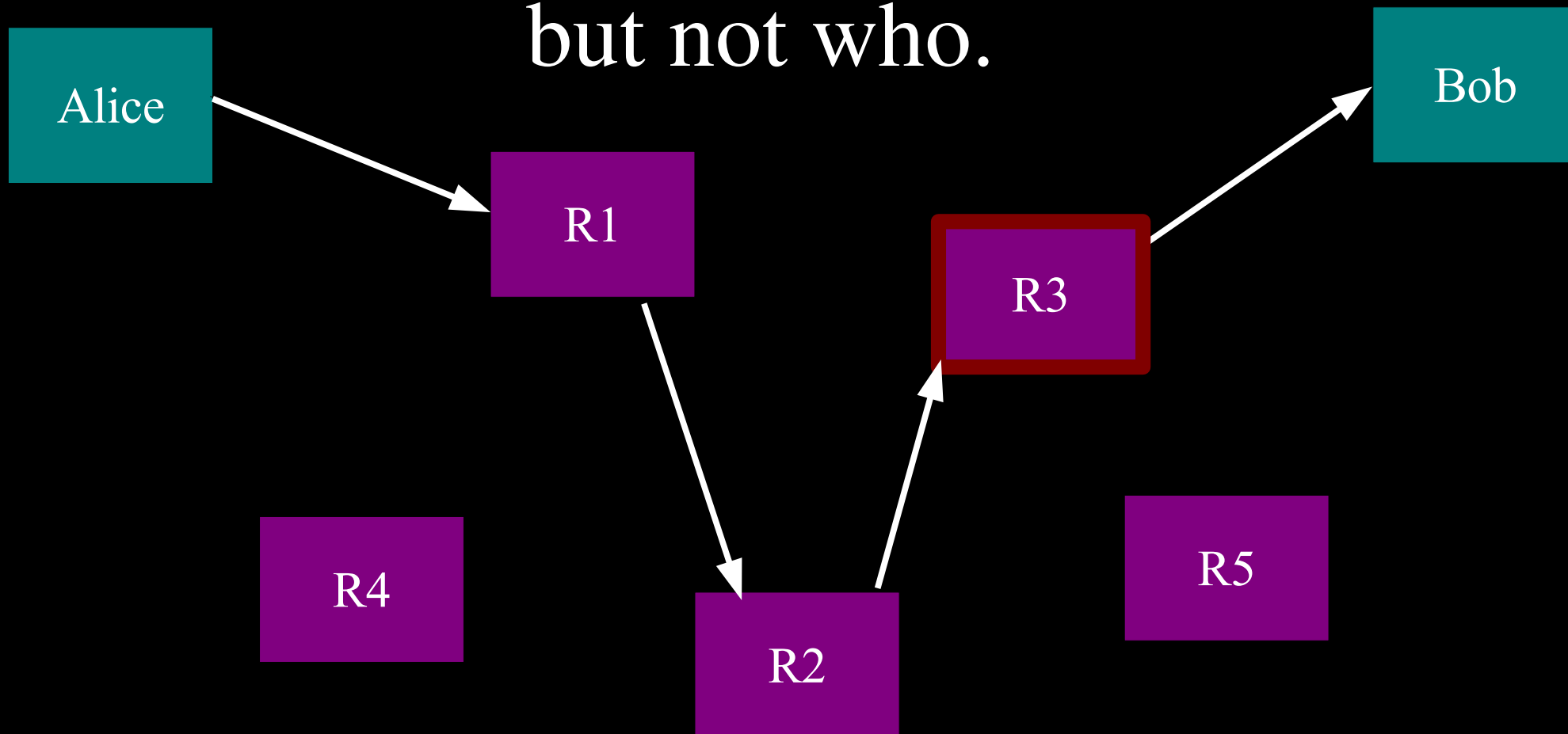
So, add multiple relays so that no single one can betray Alice.



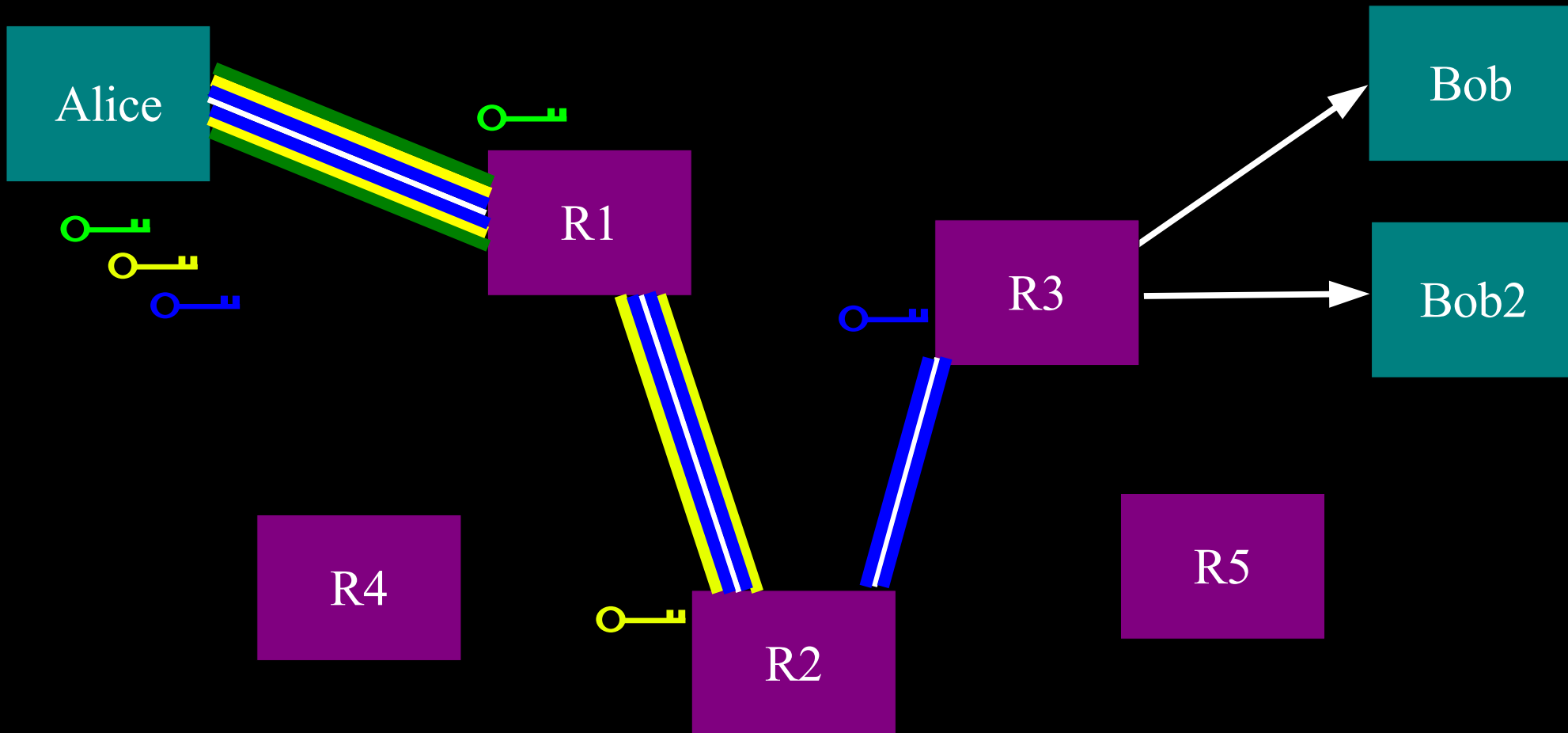
A corrupt first hop can tell that Alice is talking, but not to whom.



A corrupt final hop can tell that somebody is talking to Bob, but not who.



**Alice makes a session key with R1**  
**...And then tunnels to R2...and to R3**



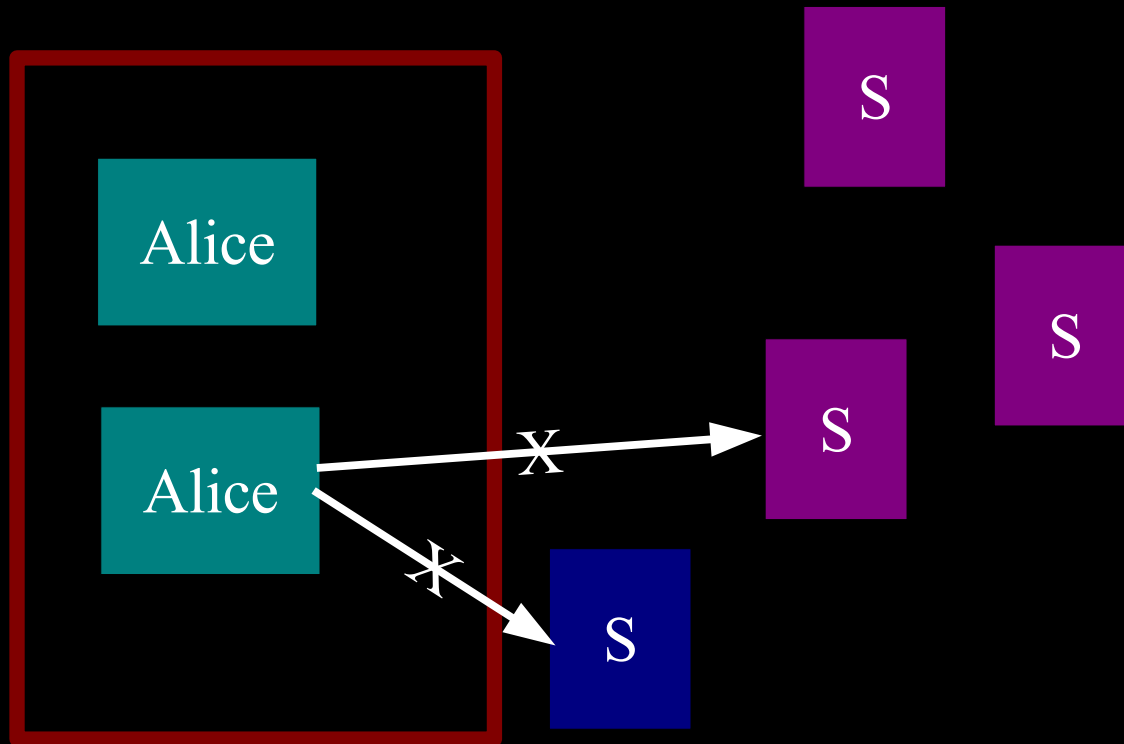
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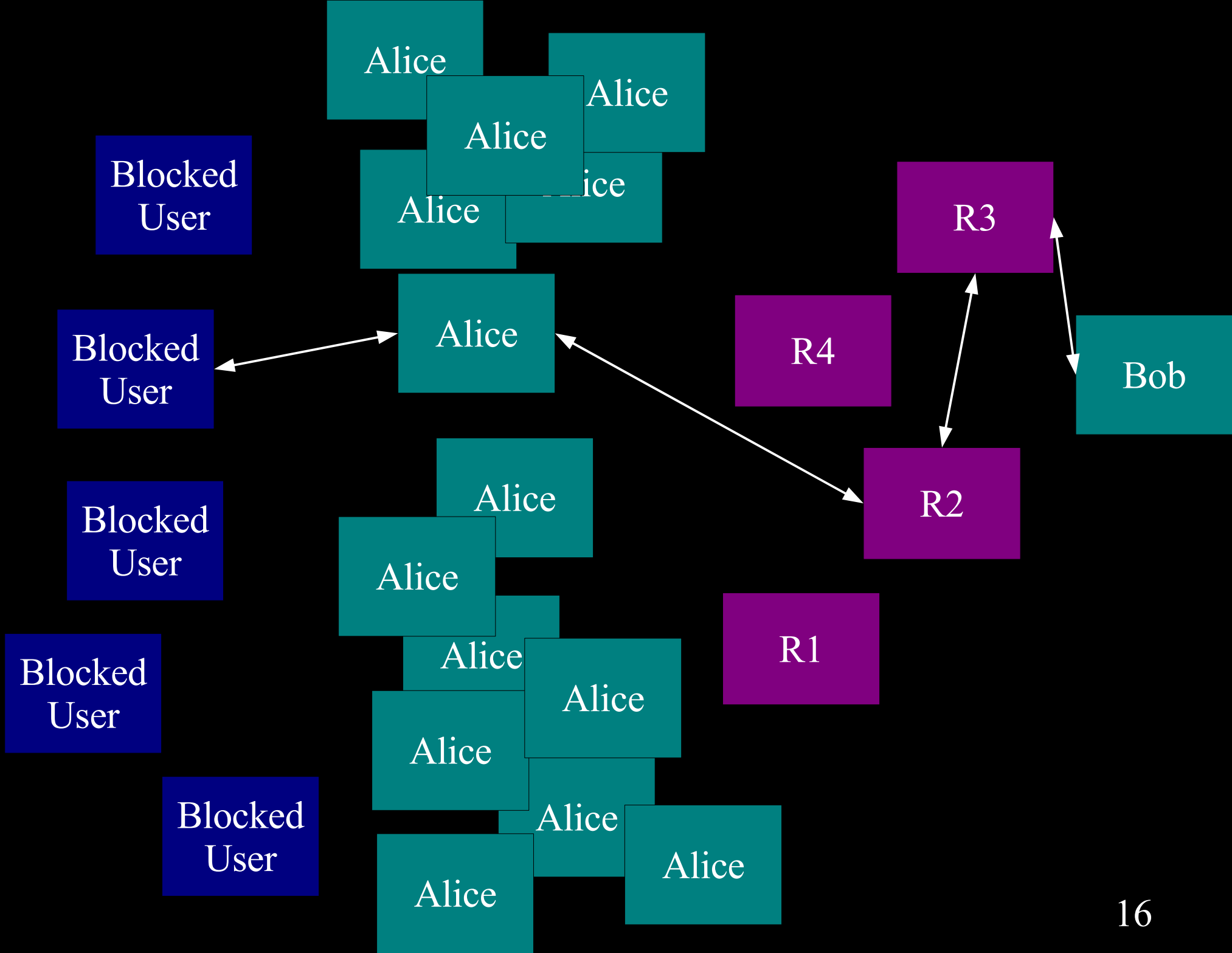
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# New v3 directory protocol

- There are two phases of directory information: fetching the network status, and fetching all the descriptors.
- We've changed phase one from fetching 5 network statuses (and computing the majority locally) to fetching just one consensus.
- Still room for optimizing phase two

# Governments and other firewalls can just block the whole Tor network.







# “Bridge” relays

- Encrypted directory requests (over the same port as other Tor traffic)
- Make Tor's TLS handshake look more like Firefox+Apache
- Integration into Vidalia
- <https://bridges.torproject.org/> or request by unique gmail address

# Improved Torbutton

- Torbutton used to just toggle your proxy settings on and off.
- The new version turns off cache, cookies, plugins, doesn't leak your time zone, and blocks many other attacks

# Easier for users to be relays

- Rate limit relayed traffic separately from your own traffic
- Automatic IP address detection, bandwidth estimates
- Write limiting as well as read limiting; traffic priorities to make the best use of available bandwidth

# Many good research papers in 2007

- Nick Hopper's CCS paper on client latency attacks
- Steven Murdoch's PET paper on sampled traffic analysis at Internet exchanges
- Bauer et al's WPES paper on low-resource Sybil attacks: lying about your bandwidth, uptime, etc
- (Tor's guard nodes are lookingly increasingly good)
- <http://freehaven.net/anonbib/> for many more!

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# Data retention

- Remember our threat model: even one hop in Germany may be too many
- How many layers of logging are there? If your ISP logs, and *its* ISP logs, ...
- How safe are these logs? Who can access them?
- If nothing is really enforced until 2009, no need to change technical designs immediately. But that means you need to act!

# Law enforcement

- Some Tor-induced raids in Germany over the past year(s)
- We really need to teach law enforcement officers more about Tor -- and about Internet security in general.
- Please introduce me to German law enforcement!

# Lawyers in Germany

- The US's notion of “legal precedent” makes groups like EFF worthwhile. In Germany, it feels like each case is on its own.
- We need to get more European lawyers involved. Meet them, teach them about Tor. Introduce them to each other.
- Can we make a “German Tor Legal FAQ”?



# Snooping on Exit Relays

- Lots of press lately about people watching traffic coming out of Tor. (Ask your lawyer first...)
- Tor hides your location; it doesn't magically encrypt all traffic on the Internet.
- Though Tor *does* protect from your local network.
- Torflow and setting plaintext pop/imap “traps”
- Need to educate users?

# File-sharing traffic

- Theory: Tor is slow because a handful of people are running file-sharing apps on it
- We could traffic shape high-volume flows.  
But: BitTorrent is designed to resist this.
- We could run protocol analysis tools on the exit relays, and snipe bad protocols
- But: liability, neutrality

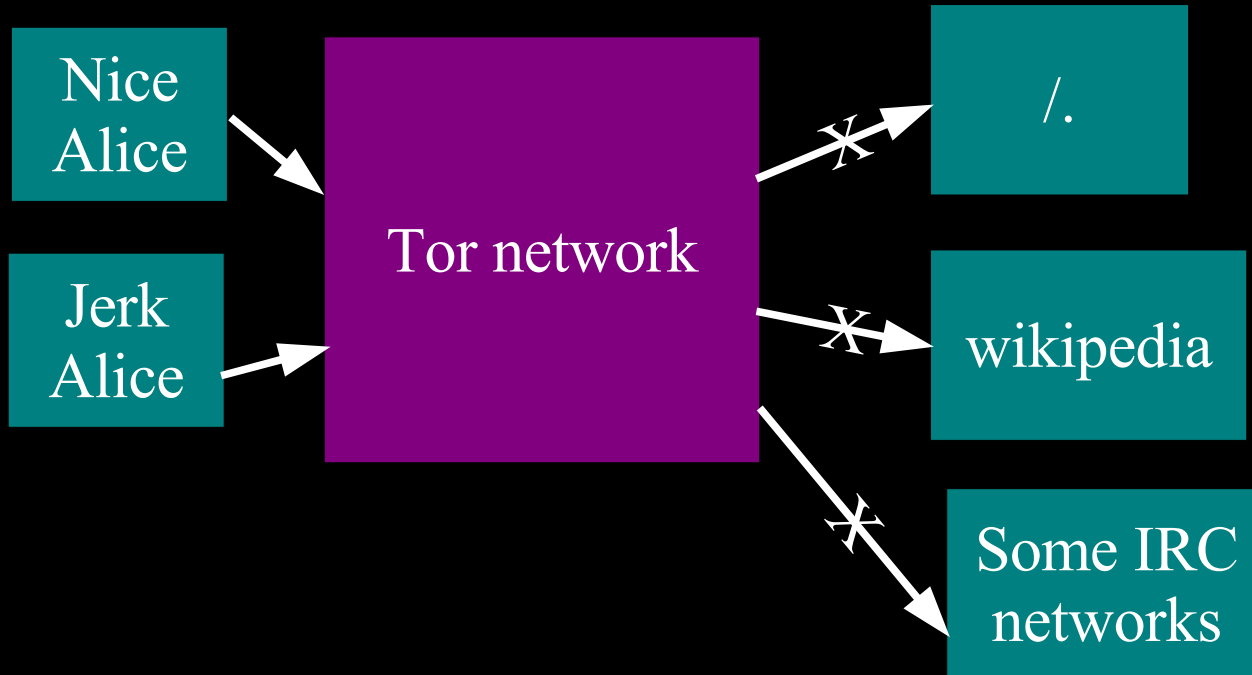
# Who runs the relays?

- At the beginning, you needed to know me to have your relay considered “verified”.
- We've automated much of the “is it broken?” checking.
- Still a tension between having lots of relays and knowing all the relay operators

# GeoIP reporting?

- We'd really like to get a sense of how many people are using the Tor network, and from where, so we can know what to focus on.
- But it's an anonymity network!
- Directory mirrors can see who asks for info, but we'd like to fix that (“directory guards”)
- Perhaps relays report aggregated daily stats?

Problem: Abusive users get the whole network blocked.



# Internet services: blocking (1)

- Many admins think Tor has 6 users. If they see 1 jerk, they conclude that Tor is stupid.
- Right now Wikipedia blocks many many thousands of IP addresses. And they still have problems: AOL, open proxies, Tor, ...

## Internet services: blocking (2)

- Wikipedia doesn't want to introduce barriers to contributors. But they could add speedbumps only for IPs they currently block!
- Accounts need to prove that they're worthwhile: manually verify the first few edits, and whitelist after that.
- Should send the abusers back to their open proxies, AOL, neighbor's wireless, etc

# Internet services: blocking (3)

- Other options that don't require as many changes to Wikipedia
- Nym (Jason Holt) and Nymble (Dartmouth) make users demonstrate a scarce resource (e.g. an IP address). Then they let websites block further edits from that user without needing to learn his IP address.



## Internet services: blocking (4)

- Tor's “DNS exit list” gives an RBL-style interface for looking up whether a given connection is from a Tor exit relay. We want to make it as easy as possible for websites to block accurately; then help them handle Tor.
- Note that blocking connections *from* the Tor network and blocking connections *to* the Tor network are different.

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# Relay by default

- Vidalia should learn how to talk UPNP to routers
- Should auto rate limit so we don't overfill the user's pipe?
- How to scale the network? (Dir info size grows with # of relays; so does # of sockets)
- Windows networking is ... unique.

# Incentives to relay

- Give people better performance if they relay?
- Need to be careful – many ways to screw up anonymity
- Let directory authorities do audits and assign gold stars to well-behaving relays in the directory consensus. Circuits from those relays get priority.
- If it adds enough relays, *everybody* benefits.

# UDP Transport

- Tor's use of TCP means relays use many many sockets. It also means hop-by-hop congestion recovery. And we can only transport TCP.
- DTLS now exists.
- More research / hacking remains.

# Packaging

- Tor browser bundle: Tor, Vidalia, Firefox, Torbutton, Polipo for USB stick
- JanusVM, Xerobank virtual machine
- Incognito LiveCD
- Wireless router images?
- Firefox plugin?

# Better load balancing

- Upcoming NDSS paper by Nikita Borisov and Robin Snader on more accurate (and less gameable) bandwidth estimations.
- Mike Perry's measurements from TorFlow
- 3 hops vs 2 hops

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# Things we need help with (1)

- A UPNP lib for Vidalia
- A web-based translation interface for Qt (Vidalia) and our web pages
- Check out our TODO list and the [volunteer.html](#) page

## Things we need help with (2)

- More relays. More bridges. More funding.
- Introductions to LEO in Berlin / Germany
- Privacy advocates in Germany – and lawyers!
- Best practices docs for using Tor with various applications, and in various contexts
- Google summer-of-code apps in the summer?