DFRI, Swedish Internet Forum 2012

Andrew Lewman andrew@torproject.org

April 18, 2012



George Orwell a novel

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George Orwell was an optimist

Who controls the past, controls the future: who controls the present controls the past

— George Orwell, Nineteen Eighty Four, 1949



10.541		https > 50936 [SYN,	
0.341	l (50936)	11 tps > 30930 [31N,	(443)
0.541	(30330)	50936 > https [ACK]	(443)
1	(50936)	>	(443)
0.542	İ	Client Hello	
1	(50936)	>	(443)
1.030		https > 50936 [ACK]	
11 000	(50936)	<pre>< Server Hello,</pre>	(443)
1.033	l (50936)	Server Hello,	(443)
1.124	1 (30930)	50936 > https [ACK]	(443)
1	(50936)	>	(443)
2.079		[TCP Previous segme	
Í	(50936)	<	(443)
2.079	1	[TCP Dup ACK 12#1]	
	(50936)	>>	(443)
5.563	l (50936)	[TCP Retransmission	(443)
15.563	(50936)	50936 > https [ACK]	(443)
1	l (50936)	>	(443)
6.008		[TCP Retransmission	
Í	(50936)	<	(443)
6.008		50936 > https [ACK]	
!	(50936)	>	(443)
16.025	1 (50000)	Client Key Exchange	(440)
17.533	(50936)	[TCP Retransmission	(443)
17.333	l (50936)	[ICL Verialization	(443)
20.735		[TCP Retransmission	(440)
i	(50936)	>	(443)
21.127	İ	[TCP Previous segme	
1	(50936)	<	(443)
26.447	1 (50000)	50936 > https [FIN,	(440)
26.743	(50936)	Encrypted Alert	(443)
20.743	l (50936)	<	(443)
26.743	1 (30330)	50936 > https [RST]	(-+3)
i	(50936)	>	(443)

'Comodo Hacker' Says He Acted Alone

The plot thickens: In an effort to back up his claims, alleged hacker dumps apparent evidence of pilfered database from breached Comodo reseller, as well as Mozilla add-on site certificate

By Kelly Jackson Higgins InformationWeek April 09, 2011 12:00 AM

Comodo, a website certificate authority, revealed that nine SSL certificates were issued for fraudulent websites posing as domains for high-profile sites. Security researchers hope the incident will call attention to a certificate process they say is riddled with holes.



China's government is coming out with new measures to control the ability of citizens to acquire domains and setup personal sites, and to block hundreds of sites that offer illegal downloads of music, films, and video games.

In what appears to be another upgrade of the government's <u>already strict control of the Internet</u>, Chinese authorities contest that the stricter controls are intended to protect children from pornography, limit piracy, and to make it hard to perpetuate Internet scams.

Under the new controls, more than 700 pornographic and



Major ISPs agree to "six strikes" copyright enforcement plan

By Nate Anderson I Published 9 months ago

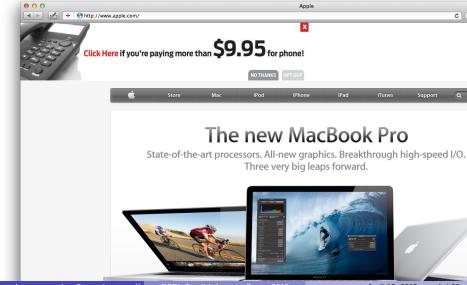


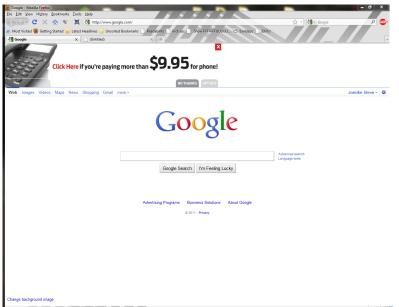
American Internet users, get ready for three strikes "six strikes." Major US Internet providers—including AT&T, Verizon, Comcast, Cablevision, and Time Warner Cable—have just signed on to a voluntary agreement with the movie and music businesses to crack down on online copyright infringers. But they will protect subscriber privacy and they won't filter or monitor their own networks for infringement. And after the sixth "strike," you



Tracker	Number of unique domains found on	Percent of all unique domains
Google Analytics	329,330	84%
Google Adsense	162,584	41%
DoubleClick	122,483	31%
Statcounter	26,806	7%
AddThis	24,126	6%
Quantcast	24,113	6%
Google Custom Search Engine	20,601	5%
OpenAds	17,608	4%
Omniture	13,126	3%
Wordpress Stats	11,475	3%

Figure 11 Percentage of Domains each Web bug was found on, March 2009





Twitter in Iran: Good.

Iran Protests: Twitter, the Medium of the Movement

By LEV GROSSMAN Wednesday, Jun. 17, 2009

Related





Behind the Scenes with Mousavi

Stories

- In Iran, Rival Regime Factions Play a High-Stakes Game of Chicken
- Latest Tweets on Fallout from Iran's





Share The U.S. State Department doesn't usually take an interest in the maintenance schedules of dotcom start-ups. But over the weekend, officials there reached out to Twitter and asked them to delay a network upgrade that was scheduled for Monday night. The reason? To protect the interests of

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Twitter in USA: Bad.

FBI Raids Queens Home in G20 Protest Twitter Crackdown



of crime; he's currently out on bail.

That's right, a Twitter crackdown. A lawyer for Jackson Heights social worker Elliot Madison, 41, says that the feds searched his client's house for 16 hours on Thursday after Madison was arrested on September 24th at a Pittsburgh hotel room with another man. What were they up to? Sitting at laptops sending Twitter messages advising G20 demonstrators about riot police activity in the streets. And yet real Twitter threats like Lindsay Lohan and Courtney Love remain at large.

Madison, a self-described anarchist, was in Pittsburgh volunteering for the <u>Tin Can Comms Collective</u>, a group that uses Twitter to send mass text messages during protests describing events observed on the streets or over police scanners; stuff like "SWAT teams rolling down 5th Ave." Tin Can was active during the <u>St. Paul RNC protests</u>, and the authorities are now on to them. Madison was charged with hindering apprehension or prosecution, criminal use of a communication facility and possession of instruments

from http://gothamist.com/2009/10/05/fbi_raids_queens_home_in_g20_protes.php



The Tor Project, Inc.

501(c)(3) non-profit organization dedicated to the research and development of technologies for online anonymity and privacy



• online anonymity software and network

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- open source, freely available (3-clause BSD license)

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- increasingly diverse toolset:
 Tor, Tor Browser Bundle, Tails LiveCD, obfsproxy, Tor Weather, Tor auto-responder, Secure Updater, Orbot, Torora, Tor Check, Arm, Nymble, Tor Control, and so on.

 VPN - Virtual Private Network, 1 to 1 connection, can redirect all traffic, generally encrypted

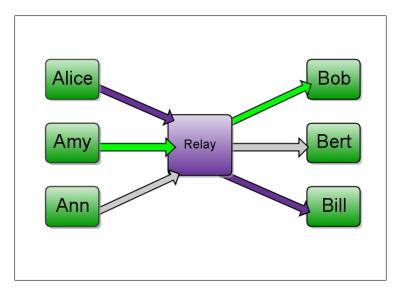
- VPN Virtual Private Network, 1 to 1 connection, can redirect all traffic, generally encrypted
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- I2P Garlic routing, closed network, anonymity and reputation

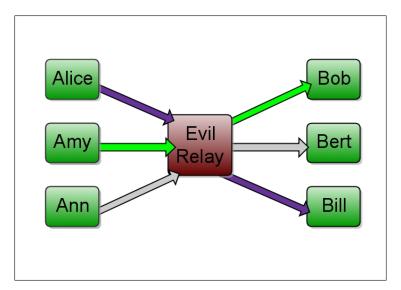
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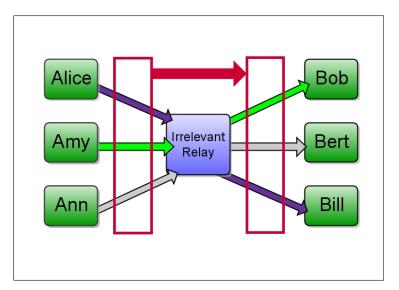
How is Tor different from other systems?

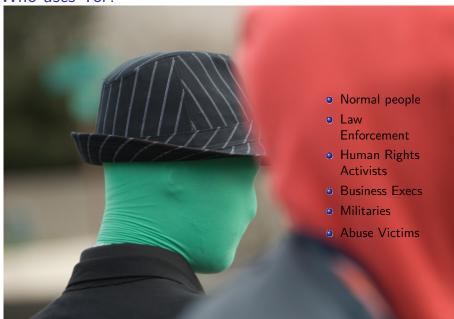


How is Tor different from other systems?



How is Tor different from other systems?





Normal users
 linking sensitive information to their current identities, online advertising networks, search engines, censorship circumvention

 Law enforcement accidental disclosure to targets, family and friend concerns, separating work from home life

Rights Activists
 Personal safety, family safety, narrowly-defined publicity, censorship circumvention

 Business Execs separating work from home life, competitor research, censorship circumvention

Abuse Victims and Survivors
 complete separation of past abuse and current life, finding help and
 safety, need to help others anonymously

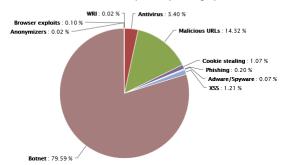
intelligence gathering, separating work from home life, other activities

Militaries

Online and Offline change happens



Security Blocks per category

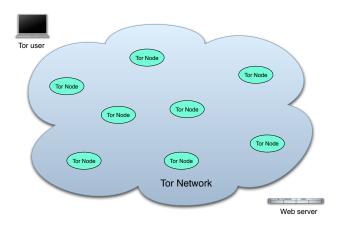


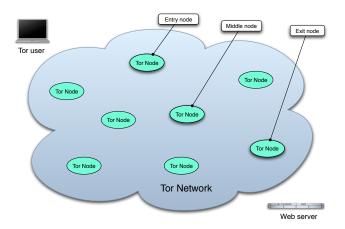


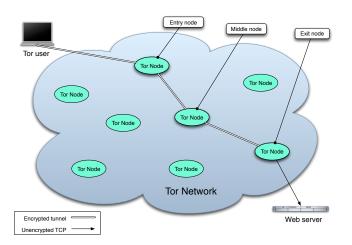


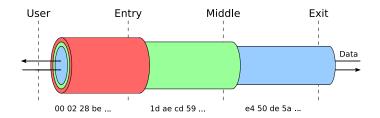




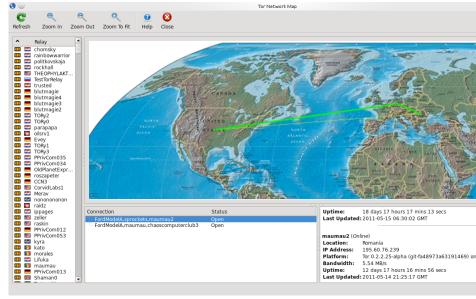








Vidalia Network Map



Metrics

- Measuring metrics anonymously
- NSF research grant
- Archive of hourly consensus, ExoneraTor, VisiTor
- Metrics portal:

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https://metrics.torproject.org/
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Tor hidden services allow privacy enhanced hosting

The Federalist - Contents - Namoroka

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

The Federalist - Contents







The Federalist

The text of this version is primarily taken from the first collected 1788 "McLean edition", but spelling and punctuati errors -- mainly printer's lapses -- have been corrected. The main heads have also been taken from that edition and something like "The Same Subject Continued" we have repeated the previous heading and appended "(continued)", have been guided by the excellent edition by Jacob E. Cooke, Wesleyan University Press, 1961. The footnotes are th edition used a variety of special typographical symbols for superscripts, we use numerals. Editors's footnotes are in original typography used for emphasis, such as all caps or italics, has been used here. We have tried to identify the newspapers were the Independent Journal [J], the New-York Packet [P], and the Daily Advertiser [A], all based in New-York Packet [P]. actually first appeared May 28, 1788, in a bound volume published by J. and A. McLean, Federalist II. We have follow each paper to its primary author, James Madison [M], John Jay [I], or Alexander Hamilton [H], which is shown follows:

dot onion you say?



http://duskgytldkxiuqc6.onion/fedpapers/federa00.htm

Thanks!



Visit https://www.torproject.org/ for more information, links, and ideas.

Credits & Thanks

- applied theory, third image: Information Week, 2011-04-09, http://www.informationweek.com/news/security/attacks/229400850
- applied theory, fourth image: Al Jazeera, February 2011
- six strikes, ars technica, http://arstechnica.com/tech-policy/news/2011/07/ major-isps-agree-to-six-strikes-copyright-enforcement-pla ars
- spring is in the air, Paco Pomet, http://pacopomet.wordpress.com/
- who uses tor? http://www.flickr.com/photos/mattw/2336507468/siz, Matt Westervelt. CC-BY-SA.
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